UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE ECOLOGICAL SITE DESCRIPTION

ECOLOGICAL SITE CHARACTERISTICS

Site Type: Rangeland	
Site ID: R070XD155NM	
Site Name: Draw	
Precipitation or Climate Zone:	13 to 18 inches
Phase:	

PHYSIOGRAPHIC FEATURES

Negligible to medium.

Narrative:						
This site occurs in a thin line borde This site receives and transports wa Slopes range from 1 to 4 percent. I significant. Elevations range from	ater from both the remote high Direction of slope is generally	ner elevations and adjacent sites. east to southeast but is not				
Land Form:						
1. Draw						
2. Drainageway						
3.						
J.						
Aspect:						
1. N/A						
2.						
3.						
	Minimum	Maximum				
Elevation (feet)	4,000	7,000				
Slope (percent)	1	4				
Water Table Depth (inches)	N/A	N/A				
Flooding:	Minimum	Maximum				
Frequency	Unknown	Unknown				
Duration	DurationUnknownUnknown					
Ponding:	Minimum	Maximum				
Depth (inches)	Unknown	Unknown				
Frequency	Unknown	Unknown				
Duration	Unknown	Unknown				
Runoff Class.						
KIINATT (1966.						

CLIMATIC FEATURES

Narrative:

The climate of the area is "semi-arid continental."

Annual average precipitation ranges from 13 to 18 inches. Variations of 5 inches, more or less, are not uncommon. Approximately 70 percent of this occurs from May through October. Most of the summer rains come in the form of high-intensity, short-duration thunderstorms. Winter moisture is usually negligible.

Distinct seasonal changes and large annual and diurnal temperature changes characterize temperatures. The average annual temperature ranges from 55 degrees F to 60 degrees F. With extremes of 20 degrees F below in the winter. To 110 degrees F in the summer are not uncommon

The average frost-free season is 180 to 200 days, the last killing frost being in early April and the first killing frost in mid October.

Both temperature and precipitation favor warm-season perennial plant community. However, because of the position of this site, there is enough moisture in the late winter and early spring to allow for cool-season species to make up an important component of this site. Runoff plus cold air drainage from higher elevations make this site favorable for cool-season plant growth.

Climate data was obtained from http://www.wrcc.sage.dri.edu/summary/climsmnm.html web site using 50% probability for freeze-free and frost-free seasons using 28.5 degrees F and 32.5 degrees F respectively.

	Minimum	Maximum
Frost-free period (days):	160	191
Freeze-free period (days):	180	221
Mean annual precipitation (inches):	13	18

Monthly moisture (inches) and temperature (⁰F) distribution:

v	Precip. Min.	Precip. Max.	Temp. Min.	Temp. Max.
January	.47	.56	21.4	56.6
February	.50	.54	23.8	62.1
March	.49	.57	28.5	68.5
April	.54	.60	35.0	76.7
May	1.13	1.44	43.2	83.5
June	1.78	1.84	51.6	92.2
July	1.87	2.98	55.7	92.1
August	2.29	3.26	54.2	90.3
September	2.67	2.80	48.2	84.3
October	1.24	1.40	37.6	76.7
November	.53	.55	27.5	65.5
December	.60	.68	21.6	57.8

Climate Sta	tions:						
					Period	i	
Station ID	292865	Location	Elk 2E	From:	6/1/1895	To:	12/31/00
				_			
Station ID	294112	Location	Норе	From:	03/01/19	To:	12/31/00
INFLUENCING WATER FEATURES							
Narrative:							
1 (661 1 6601 7 6 .							

This site is influenced by runoff water and is dominated by riparian type vegetation.

Wetland description:

System	Subsystem	Class
N/A		

If Riverine Wetland System enter Rosgen Stream Type:
N/A

REPRESENTATIVE SOIL FEATURES

A T		
N	arrativ	ρ
	annauv	·

The soils on this site are deep and well drained. Surface textures are loams, silty loams, and clay loams. Permeability is moderate and water-holding capacity is high. The soil profile is often interrupted with cobble or stones.

Parent Material Kind: Alluvium
Parent Material Origin: Mixed

Surface Texture:

- 1. Loam
 2. Silty loam
- 3. Clay loam

Surface Texture Modifier:

1. N/A 2. 3.

Subsurface Texture Group: Loamy
Surface Fragments <= 3" (% Cover): N/A
Surface Fragments > 3" (% Cover): N/A

Subsurface Fragments <=3" (%Volume): N/A
Subsurface Fragments >=3" (%Volume): N/A

	Minimum	Maximum
Drainage Class:	Well	Well
Permeability Class:	Slow	Moderate
Depth (inches):	60	>72
Electrical Conductivity (mmhos/cm):	Unknown	Unknown
Sodium Absorption Ratio:	Unknown	Unknown
Soil Reaction (1:1 Water):	Unknown	Unknown
Soil Reaction (0.1M CaCl2):	Unknown	Unknown
Available Water Capacity (inches):	9	12
Calcium Carbonate Equivalent (percent):	Unknown	Unknown

PLANT COMMUNITIES

Ecological Dynamics of the Site:	
Ecological Dynamics of the Site.	
Plant Communities and Transitional Pathways (diagram)	

Plant Community Name: Historic Climax Plant Community (lower elevations)					
Plant Community Sequence Number: 1 Narrative Label: HCPC					
Plant Community Narrative: Historic Climax Plant Community The aspect of this site is dominated by riparian type vegetation, with an understory of mid and tall perennial grasses. Because of the constant flooding of this site, there is a potential for many annual species to occur. Forbs compose most of the annual growth. Because of the cold air drainage, cool-season species are abundant. Pinyon, juniper, and ponderosa pine also occur at higher elevations. The production and composition may vary greatly with elevation.					
Canopy Cover: Trees 10 % Shrubs and half shrubs 10 % Ground Cover (Average Percent of Surface Area). Grasses & Forbs 40 Bare ground 10 Surface cobble and stone 20 Litter (percent) 30 Litter (average depth in cm.) 7					
Fiant Community And	ual Production (by plan	ttype): Lower elevation	OIIS		
Annual Production (lbs/ac)					
Plant Type	Low	RV	High		
Grass/Grasslike	550	825	1,100		
Forb	80	120	160		
Tree/Shrub/Vine	400	600	800		
Lichen Moss			_		
Microbiotic Crusts					
Total	1,000	1,500	2,000		
1 0 0 001	1,000	1,500	- ,000		

Plant Community Composition and Group Annual Production:

Plant Type - Grass/Grasslike

Group Scientific Number Plant Symbol		G V	Species Annual	Group Annual
Number		Common Name	Production	Production
1	SPWR2	Giant Sacaton	150 - 450	150 - 450
2	BOCU	Sideoats Grama	150 - 300	150 - 300
3	PAOB	Vine-mesquite	75 - 150	75 - 150
4	SONU2	Indiangrass	75 - 150	75 - 150
5	PASM	Western Wheatgrass	75 - 150	75 - 150
6	ELEL5	Bottlebrush Squirreltail	30 - 75	30 - 75
7	BOSA	Silver Bluestem	75 - 225	75 - 225
	BOBA3	Cane Bluestem		
	SCSC	Little Bluestem		
8	SEVU2	Plains Bristlegrass	75 - 150	75 – 150
9	BOGR2	Blue Grama	150 - 375	150 - 375
10	2GRAM	Other Grasses	75 - 150	75 - 150

Plant Type - Forb

Group Number	Scientific Plant Symbol	Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production
11	SPHAE	Globemallow spp.	15 – 60	15 – 60
12	ARCA11	Sagewort spp.	15 – 45	15 – 45
13	HEAN3	Annual Sunflower	15 - 45	15 – 45
14	2FORB	Other Forbs	30 - 75	30 - 75

 $Plant\ Type-Tree/Shrub/Vine$

Group Number	Scientific Plant Symbol	Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production
15	JUMA	New Mexico Walnut	75 - 225	75 - 225
16	CHLI2	Desert Willow	75 - 150	75 - 150
17	ATCA2	Fourwing Saltbush	30 - 60	30 - 60
18	CEPA8	Desert Hackberry	15 - 45	15 – 45
19	FAPA	Apacheplume	75 - 150	75 – 150
20	ACGR	Catclaw Acacia	30 - 75	30 - 75
21	RHTR	Skunkbush Sumac	15 - 45	15 - 45
	RHMI3	Littleleaf Sumac		
22	GUSA2	Broom Snakeweed	15 - 30	15 - 30
23	BASA2	Broom Baccaharis	15 - 60	15 - 60
24	2SD	Other Shrubs	75 - 150	75 – 150

Plant Type - Lichen

Group	Scientific		Species Annual	Group Annual
Number	Plant Symbol	Common Name	Production	Production

Plant Type - Moss

Group Number	Scientific Plant Symbol	Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production
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Plant Type - Microbiotic Crusts

Group Scientific Number Plant Symbol		Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production

Other grasses which would appear on this site include: hairy grama, bullgrass, deergrass, carex spp., dropseed spp., threeawn spp., big bluestem, switchgrass, Canadian wildrye, wolftail, green sprangletop, plains lovegrass, Hall's panicum, New Mexico feathergrass, littleawn needlegrass, and tridens spp.

Other shrubs include: bricklebush, winterfat, oak spp., yerba-de-pasmo, mock orange, mariola, canyon grape, yucca spp., willow spp., poison ivy, ephedra spp., virginsbower, hairy mountainmahogany, algerita, and manzanita.

Other forbs include: desert holly, wildbuckwheat, blanker flower, verbena, cudweed, mullin, prickleaf, dogweed, wooly loco, cutleaf haplopappus, threadleaf groundsel, wooly Indianwheat, prickle poppy, whorled milkweed, and Indian paintbrush.

Scattered trees include: juniper, pinyon and ponderosa pine.

Plant Growth Curves

Growth Curve ID 4605NM

Growth Curve Name: HCPC

Growth Curve Description: Riparian vegetation with mixed mid and tall perennial grasses

with a large forb component and scattered trees at higher

elevations.

1	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
	0	0	3	5	10	10	25	30	12	5	0	0

Plant Community Name:	Historic Climax Plant Cor	mmunity (higher elevations
I fami Community Name.	THISTOTIC CHIHAX I IAHI CO	

Plant Community Sequence Number: 2

Plant Community Narrative: Same as above Narrative Label: HCPC

Ground Cover and Structure: presently being revised.

Plant Community Annual Production (by plant type): higher elevations

Annual Production (lbs/ac)

Plant Type	Low	RV	High
Grass/Grasslike	825	1,238	1,650
Forb	120	180	240
Shrub/Vine	600	900	1,200
Tree			
Lichen			
Moss			
Microbiotic Crusts			
Total	1,500	2,250	3,000

Plant Community Composition and Group Annual Production:

Plant Type - Grass/Grasslike

Group Number	•		Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production
1	SPWR2	Giant Sacaton	225 – 675	225 – 675
2	BOCU	Sideoats Grama	225 - 450	225 – 450
3	PAOB	Vine-mesquite	113 - 225	113 – 225
4	SONU2	Indiangrass	113 - 225	113 – 225
5	PASM	Western Wheatgrass	113 - 225	113 – 225
6	ELEL5	Bottlebrush Squirreltail	45 – 113	45 – 113
7	BOSA	Silver Bluestem	113 - 338	113 - 338
	BOBS3	Cane Bluestem		
	SCSC	Little Bluestem		
8	SEVU2	Plains Bristlegrass	113 - 225	113 - 225
9	BOGR2	Blue Grama	225 - 563	225 - 563
10	2GRAM	Other Grasses	113 - 225	113 - 225

Plant Type - Forb

	Trume Typ	C 1010			
Group Scientific				Species Annual	Group Annual
	Number	Plant Symbol	Common Name	Production	Production
	11	SPHAE	Globemallow spp.	23 - 90	23 - 90
	12	ARTEM	Sagewort spp.	23 - 68	23 - 68
	13	HEAN3	Annual Sunflower	23 - 68	23 - 38
	14	2FORB	Other Forbs	45 – 113	45 - 113

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Plant Type - Tree/Shrub/Vine

Group Scientific Number Plant Symbol		Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production
15	JUMA	New Mexico Walnut	113 - 338	113 - 338
16	CHLI2	Desert Willow	113 - 225	113 - 225
17	ATCA2	Fourwing Saltbush	45 - 90	45 – 90
18	CEPA8	Desert Hackberry	23 - 68	23 - 68
19	FAPA	Apacheplume	113 - 225	113 - 225
20	ACGR	Catclaw Acacia	45 – 113	45 – 113
21	RHTR	Skunkbush Sumac	23 - 68	23 - 68
	RHMI3	Littleleaf Sumac		
22	GUSA2	Broom Snakeweed	23 - 45	23 - 45
23	BASA2	Broom Baccaharis	23 - 90	23 - 90
24	2SD	Other Shrubs	113 - 225	113 - 225

Plant Type - Lichen

Group Number	Scientific Plant Symbol	Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production

Plant Type - Moss

Group Number	Scientific Plant Symbol	Common Name	Species Annual Production	Group Annual Production

Plant Type - Microbiotic Crusts

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Group	Scientific		Species Annual	Group Annual
Number	Plant Symbol	Common Name	Production	Production

Plant Growth Curves

Growth Curve ID 4605NM

Growth Curve Name: HCPC

Growth Curve Description: Riparian vegetation with mixed mid and tall perennial grasses

with a large forb component and scattered trees at higher

elevations.

Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
0	0	3	5	10	10	25	30	12	5	0	0

ECOLOGICAL SITE INTERPRETATIONS

Animal Community:

This site provides habitat which supports a resident animal community characterized by mule deer, desert cottontail, spotted ground squirrel, gray fox, coyote, bobcat, Swainson's hawk, mockingbird, loggerhead shrike, mourning dove, scaled quail, and western diamondback rattlesnake.

Hydrology Functions:

The runoff curve numbers are determined by field investigations using hydrologic cover conditions and hydrologic soil groups.

Hydrologic Interpretations								
Soil Series	Hydrologic Group							
Pecos	D							

Recreational Uses:

This site has good potential for hiking, backpacking, horseback riding, camping, and picnicking. However, care must be taken to avoid being caught in flash floods. These floods can occur even though it does not rain on the site. Hunting for quail, deer, and varmints is good. Deer hunting is fair. Trapping for fur-bearing animals is good.

Wood Products:

This site produces a limited amount of wood for fencing material and fuelwood. New Mexico walnut is used for gunstocks.

Other Products:

Grazing:

This site is suitable for grazing by all kinds and classes of livestock during all seasons of the year. Because of the cool-season species and abundance of high quality shrubs, this site is especially useful in the winter and early spring. This site provides an important protein source during this period. Consequently, this site is much more important than its area indicates. This site will respond well to a planned grazing system, which rotates the season of use. If this site is continually mismanaged, there will be a decline in the cool-season species, more desirable warm-season grasses and the desirable shrubs. In a deteriorated condition, this site is extremely susceptible to water erosion primarily from the flooding. When grazing sheep or goats and during calving season, predator control should be provided.

Other Information:	
Guide to Suggested Initial Stocking	Rate Acres per Animal Unit Month
Similarity Index	Ac/AUM
100 - 76	1.8 - 2.5
75 – 51	2.0 - 4.0
50 – 26	3.8 - 5.0
25 - 0	5.0+

Plant Part	Code	Species Preference	Code
Stems	S	None Selected	NS
Leaves	L	Preferred	P
Flowers	F	Desirable	D
Fruits/Seeds	F/S	Undesirable	U
Entire Plant	EP	Not Consumed	NC
Underground Parts	UP	Emergency	E
		Toxic	T

Plant Preference by Animal Kind:

Animal Kind: Livestock
Animal Type: Cattle

		Plant	Forage Preferences											
Common Name	Scientific Name	Part	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	О	N	D
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	EP	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Vine-mesquite	Panicum obtusum	EP	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
Indiangrass	Sorghastrum nutans	EP	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S
Western Wheatgrass	Pascopyrum smithii	EP	D	D	P	P	P	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
Bottlebrush Squirreltail	Elymus elymoides	EP	U	U	D	D	D	U	U	U	D	D	D	U
Cane Bluestem	Bothriochloa barbinodis	EP	U	U	U	U	U	U	P	P	D	U	U	U
Little Bluestem	Schizachyrium scoparium	EP	D	D	D	P	P	P	P	D	D	D	D	D
Plains Bristlegrass	Setaria vulpiseta	EP	D	D	D	D	P	P	P	P	P	D	D	D
Fourwing Saltbush	Atriplex canescens	EP	P	P	P	P	P	D	D	D	D	D	D	P

Animal Kind: Livestock
Animal Type: Sheep

		Plant	Plant Forage Preferences											
Common Name	Scientific Name	Part	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	0	N	D
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	EP	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Western Wheatgrass	Pascopyrum smithii	EP	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	U
Vine-mesquite	Panicum obtusum	EP	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D
Plains Bristlegrass	Setaria vulpiseta	EP	D	D	D	D	P	P	P	P	P	D	D	D
Bottlebrush Squirreltail	Elymus elymoides	EP	U	U	D	D	D	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Indiangrass	Sorghastrum nutans	EP	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S
Wildbuckwheat	Eriogonum spp.	EP	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	U	U	U	U
Globemallow	Sphaeralcea spp.	EP	U	U	D	D	D	D	D	D	U	U	U	U

Animal Kind: Livestock
Animal Type: Goats

		Plant	Forage Preferences											
Common Name	Scientific Name	Part	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	A	S	О	N	D
Sideoats Grama	Bouteloua curtipendula	EP	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Western Wheatgrass	Pascopyrum smithii	EP	U	U	P	P	P	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Plains Bristlegrass	Setaria vulpiseta	EP	D	D	D	D	P	P	P	P	P	D	D	D
Indiangrass	Sorghastrum nutans	EP	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S
Fourwing Saltbush	Atriplex canescens	EP	P	P	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	D	P
Apacheplume	Fallugia paradoxa	EP	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S	N/S

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Associated sites: Site Name Site ID **Site Narrative** Similar sites: **Site Name** Site ID Site Narrative **State Correlation**: This site has been correlated with the following sites: **Inventory Data References: Data Source** # of Records Sample Period County State **Type Locality**: **State:** New Mexico County: Chavez, Eddy, Lincoln, Otero Latitude: Longitude: Township: Range: Section: Is the type locality sensitive? No Yes **General Legal Description**: **Relationship to Other Established Classifications**: **Other References:** Data collection for this site was done in conjunction with the progressive soil surveys within the Pecos-Canadian Plains and Valleys 70 Major Land Resource Area of New Mexico. This site has been mapped and correlated with soils in the following soil surveys: Otero, Eddy, Chaves, Lincoln **Characteristic Soils Are:** Pecos Other Soils included are: **Site Description Approval:** Author Date Date Approval 03/03/82 02/02/82 Donald H. Fulton Don Sylvester **Site Description Revision:** Author **Date Approval Date** Elizabeth Wright 07/10/02 George Chavez 12/17/02